Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures

Overview of Report and Implementation Guidance

December 2016



BACKGROUND

The Financial Stability Board (FSB) established the Task Force on Climaterelated Financial Disclosures (TCFD) on December 4, 2015 to develop recommendations for more efficient and effective climate-related disclosures that:

- could "promote more informed investment, credit, and insurance underwriting decisions" and,
- in turn, "would enable stakeholders to understand better the concentrations of carbon-related assets in the financial sector and the financial system's exposures to climate-related risks."

Industry Led and Geographically Diverse Task Force

The Task Force's 32 international members, led by Michael Bloomberg, include providers of capital, insurers, large non-financial companies, accounting and consulting firms, and credit rating agencies.



TASK FORCE ON CLIMATE-RELATED FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

THREE PROBLEMS: ONE SOLUTION

In the current climate-related disclosure landscape, challenges are faced by:

- **Issuers** who generally have an obligation under existing law to disclose material risks, but lack a coherent framework to do so for climate-related risk,
- Lenders, insurers, and investors who need decision-useful climate-related risk information in order to make informed capital allocation and financial decisions, and
- Regulators who need to understand risks that may be building in the financial system

The Task Force aims to provide the solution:

a clear, efficient, and voluntary disclosure framework that improves the ease of both producing and using climate-related financial disclosures



KEY INNOVATIONS

The Task Force's recommendations and guidance:

- Can apply to any company in the world and can be scaled to any level of sophistication
- Should be addressed in financial filings
- Are designed to solicit **decision-useful information** for investors and others
- Encourage forward-looking information through **scenario analysis**
- Provide additional guidance to sectors and industries most impacted by climate change
- Apply to organizations across the financial sector to address the full investment chain
- Place greater emphasis on risks and opportunities related to the transition to a lower-carbon economy
- Represent consensus of Task Force members, who come from the financial sector and various non-financial sectors



CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES

Type	Climate-Related Risks	Туре	Climate-Related Opportunities	
Transition Risks	 Climate-Related Risks Policy and Legal Increased pricing of GHG emissions Enhanced emissions-reporting obligations Mandates on and regulation of existing products and services Exposure to litigation Technology Substitution of existing products and services with lower emissions options Unsuccessful investment in new technologies Upfront costs to transition to lower emissions technology Markets Changing customer behavior 		 Climate-Related Opportunities Use of more efficient modes of transport More efficient production and distribution processes Use of recycling More efficient buildings Reduced water usage and consumption Lower-emission sources of energy Supportive policy incentives Emergence of new technologies Participating in carbon market Energy security and shift towards decentralization Develop and/or expand low emission goods and services 	
	 Uncertainty in market signals Increased cost of raw materials Reputation Shift in consumer preferences Stigmatization of sector 	Products and Services	 Climate adaptation and insurance risk solutions R&D and innovation Diversify business activities Shifting consumer preferences 	
Physical Risks	 Increased stakeholder concern or negative stakeholder feedback Acute Increased severity of extreme weather events such as cyclones and floods Chronic Changes in precipitation patterns and extreme weather variability Rising mean temperatures Rising sea levels 		 New markets Public-sector incentives Community needs and initiatives Development banks Participate in renewable energy programs and adopt energy-efficiency measures 	
			 Resource substitutes/diversification New assets and locations needing insurance coverage 	



EVALUATING FINANCIAL IMPACT

Climate-related risks and opportunities can impact organizations' financial performance.





DISCLOSURE RECOMMENDATIONS

The Task Force developed **four widely-adoptable recommendations** on climate-related financial disclosures that are applicable to organizations across sectors and jurisdictions.

The recommendations are structured around four thematic areas that represent core elements of how organizations operate:



Governance

The organization's governance around climate-related risks and opportunities

Strategy

The actual and potential impacts of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organization's businesses, strategy, and financial planning

Risk Management

The processes used by the organization to identify, assess, and manage climate-related risks

Metrics and Targets

The metrics and targets used to assess and manage relevant climate-related risks and opportunities



DISCLOSURE RECOMMENDATIONS (CONTINUED)

The four recommendations are supported by specific **recommended disclosures** organizations can include in financial filings to provide decision-useful information about their climate-related risks and opportunities.

Governance	Strategy	Risk Management	Metrics and Targets		
Disclose the organization's governance around climate-related risks and opportunities.	Disclose the actual and potential impacts of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organization's businesses, strategy, and financial planning.	Disclose how the organization identifies, assesses, and manages climate-related risks.	Disclose the metrics and targets used to assess and manage relevant climate-related risks and opportunities.		
Recommended Disclosures	Recommended Disclosures	Recommended Disclosures	Recommended Disclosures		
a) Describe the board's oversight of climate-related risks and opportunities.	a) Describe the climate-related risks and opportunities the organization has identified over the short, medium, and long term.	a) Describe the organization's processes for identifying and assessing climate-related risks.	a) Disclose the metrics used by the organization to assess climate- related risks and opportunities in line with its strategy and risk management process.		
b) Describe management's role in assessing and managing climate- related risks and opportunities.	b) Describe the impact of climate- related risks and opportunities on the organization's businesses, strategy, and financial planning.	b) Describe the organization's processes for managing climate-related risks.	b) Disclose Scope 1, Scope 2, and, if appropriate, Scope 3 greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, and the related risks.		
	 C) Describe the potential impact of different scenarios, including a 2° c scenario, on the organization's businesses, strategy, and financial planning. 	C) Describe how processes for identifying, assessing, and managing climate-related risks are integrated into the organization's overall risk management.	c) Describe the targets used by the organization to manage climate-related risks and opportunities and performance against targets.		



OUTREACH AND ENGAGEMENT

The Task Force engaged a broad range of external stakeholders through interviews, webinars, and other forums.



TCFD TASK FORCE ON CLIMATE-RELATED FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

DISCLOSURE GUIDANCE FOR ALL SECTORS

The Task Force developed **guidance** to assist organizations in implementing the recommended disclosures. The guidance builds on the recommendations and the recommended disclosures.

Recomm	endations	Recommendations Four widely adoptable recommendations tied to: governance, strategy, risk management, and metrics and targets
		Recommended Disclosures Specific recommended disclosures organizations should include in their financial filings to provide decision-useful information
	Guidance for All Sectors	Guidance for All Sectors Guidance providing context and suggestions for implementing the recommended disclosures for all organizations
Recommended Disclosures	Supplemental Guidance for	Supplemental Guidance for Certain Sectors Guidance that highlights important considerations for certain sectors and provides a fuller picture of potential climate-related financial impacts in those sectors
	Certain Sectors	Supplemental guidance is provided for the financial sector and for non-financial sectors potentially most affected by climate change



SUPPLEMENTAL GUIDANCE FOR CERTAIN SECTORS

For the financial sector and certain non-financial sectors and industries, the Task Force provides **supplemental guidance** to highlight important sector-specific considerations.

		Governance		Strategy			Risk Management			Metrics and Targets		
	Industries and Groups	Α	В	A	В	С	Α	В	С	Α	В	С
	Banks											
Financial	Insurance Companies											
Fina	Asset Owners											
	Asset Managers											
Non-Financial	Energy											
	Transportation											
	Materials and Buildings											
	Agriculture, Food, and Forest Products											



SCENARIO ANALYSIS

Scenario analysis is an important and useful tool for understanding the **strategic implications of climate-related risks and opportunities**.

The Task Force recommends that organizations describe the potential impact of different scenarios, including a 2° c scenario, on their businesses, strategy, and financial planning.

- Scenario analysis can help organizations consider issues, like climate change, that have the following characteristics:
 - Possible outcomes that are highly uncertain (e.g., the physical response of the climate and ecosystems to higher levels of GHG emissions in the atmosphere)
 - Outcomes that will play out over the medium to longer term (e.g., timing, distribution, and mechanisms of the transition to a lower-carbon economy)
 - Potential disruptive effects that, due to uncertainty and complexity, are substantial
- 2 Scenario analysis can enhance organizations' strategic conversations about the future by considering, in a more structured manner, what may unfold that is different from business-as-usual. Importantly, it broadens decision makers' thinking across a range of plausible scenarios, including scenarios where climate-related impacts can be significant.
- 3 Scenario analysis can help organizations frame and assess the potential range of plausible business, strategic, and financial impacts from climate change and the associated management actions that may need to be considered in strategic and financial plans. This can lead to more robust strategies under a wider range of uncertain future conditions.
- 4 Scenario analysis can help organizations identify indicators to monitor the external environment and better recognize when the environment is moving toward a different scenario state (or to a different stage along a scenario path). This allows organizations the opportunity to reassess and adjust their strategies and financial plans accordingly.
- 5 Scenario analysis can assist investors in understanding the robustness of organizations' strategies and financial plans and in comparing risks and opportunities across organizations.



EXAMPLES OF AREAS FOR FURTHER WORK

The Task Force also identified certain areas where further work can contribute to the evolution of climate-related financial disclosures.

Relationship to Other Reporting Initiatives	Encourage standard setting organizations and others to actively work toward greater alignment of frameworks and to support adoption				
Data Quality and Financial Impact	Undertake further research and analysis to better measure and understand how climate-related issues translate into potential financial impacts				
Reporting GHG Emissions Associated with Investments	 Develop methodologies for allocating emissions in asset classes beyond equities, including non-corporate bonds, property/real estate, infrastructure, private equity, and alternative assets Improve data quality, increase understanding of climate-related risks and opportunities, and enhance risk measurement methodologies broadly 				
Scenario Analysis	 Further develop applicable 2°C (or lower) transition scenarios and supporting outputs and tools/user interfaces Develop broadly accepted methodologies, datasets and tools for scenario-based evaluation of physical risk by organizations Make datasets and tools publicly available and provide commonly available platforms for scenario analysis 				



TASK FORCE TIMELINE





ILLUSTRATIVE IMPLEMENTATION PATH

The Task Force expects that **reporting of climate-related risks and opportunities will evolve** over time as organizations, investors, and others contribute to the quality and consistency of the information disclosed.





TASK FORCE MEMBERS

Chair and Vice-Chairs Michael Bloomberg Chairman Founder and President Bloomberg L.P.		Koushik Chatterjee Group Executive Director, Finance and Corporate Tata Group Liliana Franco	Eric Dugelay Global Leader, Sustainability Services Deloitte	Giuseppe Ricci Health, Safety, Environment and Quality Executive Vice President ENI	Martin Skancke Chair, Risk Committee Storebrand		
Yeo Lian Sim Vice-Chair Special Adviser Singapore Exchange	ice-Chair Vice-Chair pecial Adviser Managing Officer		Udo Hartmann Senior Manager, Group Environmental Protection & Energy Management Daimler	Andreas Spiegel Head Group Sustainability Risk Swiss Re	Steve Waygood Chief Responsible Investment Officer Aviva Investors		
Graeme Pitkethly Vice-Chair Chief Financial Officer Unilever	Christian Thimann Vice-Chair Group Head of Strategy, Sustainability and Public Affairs AXA	Neil Hawkins Corporate Vice President and Chief Sustainability Officer The Dow Chemical Company	Thomas Kusterer Chief Financial Officer EnBW	Deborah Winshel Managing Director, Global Head of Impact Investing BlackRock	Fiona Wild Vice President, Environment and Climate Change BHP Billiton		
Members Jane Ambachtsheer Partner, Chair – Responsible Investment Mercer	Matt Arnold Managing Director and Global Head of Sustainable Finance	Diane Larsen Audit Partner, Global Professional Practice EY	Stephanie Leaist Managing Director, Head of Sustainable Investing Canada Pension Plan Investment Board	Michael Wilkins Managing Director, Environmental Finance S&P Global Ratings	Jon Williams Partner, Sustainability and Climate Change PwC		
Wim Bartels Global Head, Sustainability Reporting and Disclosures KPMG	JPMorgan Chase & Co. Bruno Bertocci Managing Director, Head of Sustainable Investors UBS Asset Management	Mark Lewis Managing Director, Head of European Utilities Equity Research Barclays	Eloy Lindeijer Chief, Investment Management PGGM	Special Adviser Russell Picot Chair, Audit and Risk Committee, LifeSight Former Group Chief Accounting Officer HSBC			
David Blood Senior Partner Generation Investment Management	Richard Cantor Chief Risk Officer Moody's	Ruixia Liu General Manager, Risk Department Industrial and Commercial Bank of China	Masaaki Nagamura Head, Corporate Social Responsibility Tokio Marine Holdings				

